

Atomic Resolution Interactions Regulating Partitioning of a FUS Folded RRM Domain into Model CAPRIN1 Condensates

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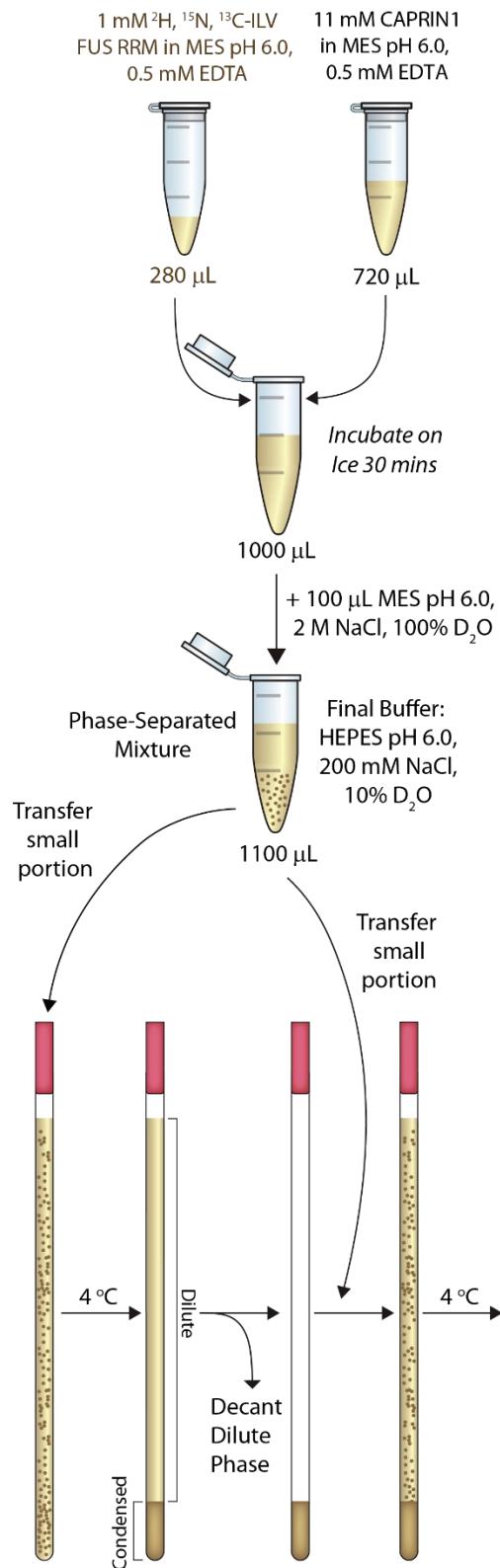


Figure S1 – Schematic illustrating the protocol for preparation of the phase-separated NMR sample.

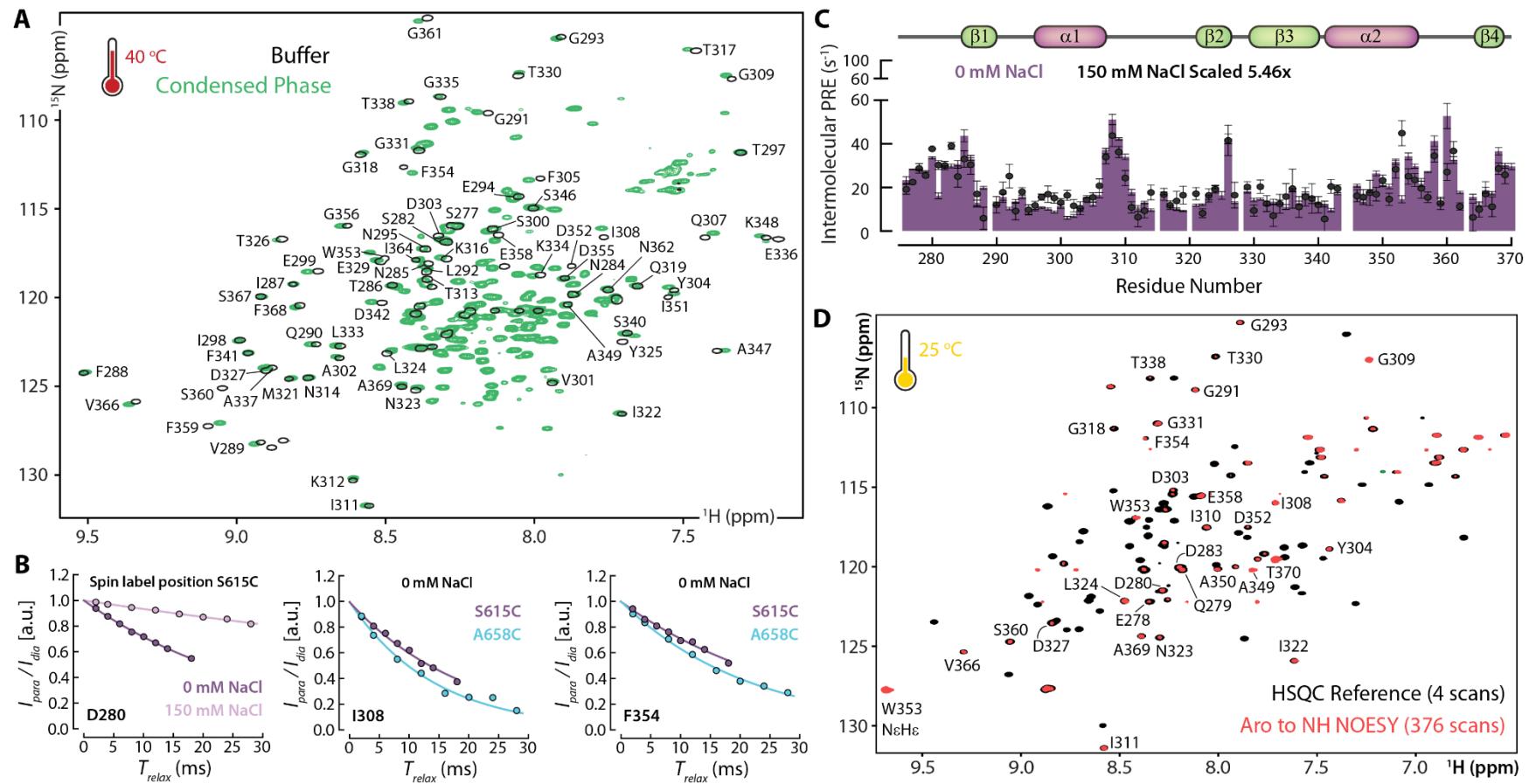


Figure S2 – Supporting data for client-scaffold interactions maps based on intermolecular NOE, PRE and chemical shift perturbation measurements. (A) Overlay of $[^1\text{H}, ^{15}\text{N}]\text{-HSQC-TROSY}$ spectra of $^2\text{H}, ^{15}\text{N}$ FUS RRM in buffer (black single contours) and in the condensed phase of $^2\text{H}, ^{15}\text{N}$ FUS RRM: $^1\text{H}, ^{14}\text{N}$ CAPRIN1 (light green). FUS RRM folded resonances are annotated. Spectra were recorded at 800 MHz, 40 °C. (B) $I_{\text{para}} / I_{\text{dia}}$ vs. T_{relax} profiles for representative FUS RRM residues under low and high salt conditions (left, pink vs. purple) and with spin labels introduced in the N-terminal arginine-rich region (S615C, purple) and in between the two aromatic-rich (A658C, blue) regions of CAPRIN1. (C) Intermolecular PRE profiles for 200 μM $^{15}\text{N}, ^{13}\text{C}$ FUS RRM in the presence of 200 μM ^{14}N CAPRIN1 S615C-maleimide-DOTA coordinated with either gadolinium (paramagnetic) or lutetium (diamagnetic) both without (purple bars) and with (black circles) 150 mM NaCl. The 150 mM NaCl intermolecular PRE profile is scaled up 5.46 fold. (D) NOESY spectrum (red) showing intermolecular NOEs from CAPRIN1 aromatic protons to FUS RRM backbone amides. The corresponding region from a $[^1\text{H}, ^{15}\text{N}]\text{-HSQC}$ spectrum is also shown (black). The NOESY and HSQC experiments were recorded at 800 MHz, 25 °C with 376 and 4 scans, respectively.

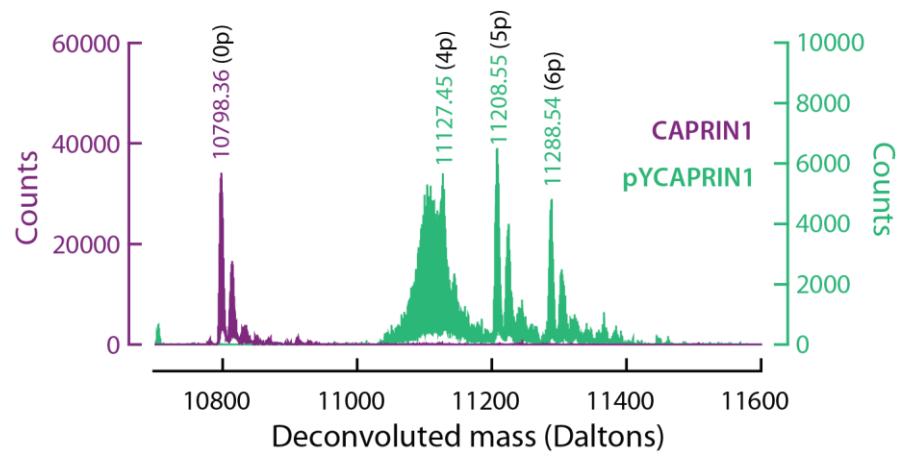


Figure S3 – Characterization of the number of phosphorylated CAPRIN1 tyrosine sidechains (#p) via mass spectrometry.